

# Lymphopoïèse normale et pathologique

Pr Felipe Suarez

Hôpital Necker-Enfants Malades

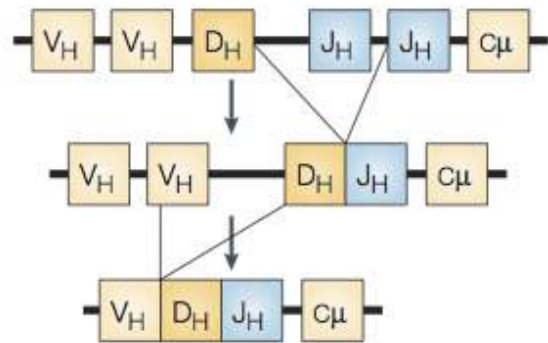
# Lymphopoïèse

- Processus multi-étape
- Tout au long de la vie
- T : moelle osseuse → thymus
- B : moelle osseuse → organes lymphoïdes secondaires
- A chaque étape du développement normal → cellule pathologique « figée » à un stade de maturation donné (lymphomes)

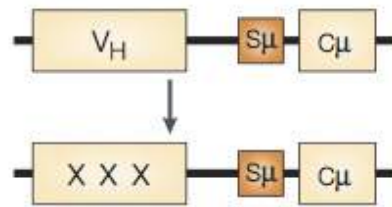
# Hémopathies lymphoïdes

- Tumeurs malignes développées au dépend du système immunitaire
- Transformation néoplasique des lymphocytes
- 85% des lymphomes sont de phénotype B
- 4% des tumeurs malignes
- 5<sup>e</sup> position des tumeurs malignes
- 5% de la mortalité liée aux cancers
- Augmentation de l'incidence
  - Augmentation de 80% en 25 ans
  - 19.1/10<sup>5</sup> population générale: 56,000 nouveaux cas/an aux USA

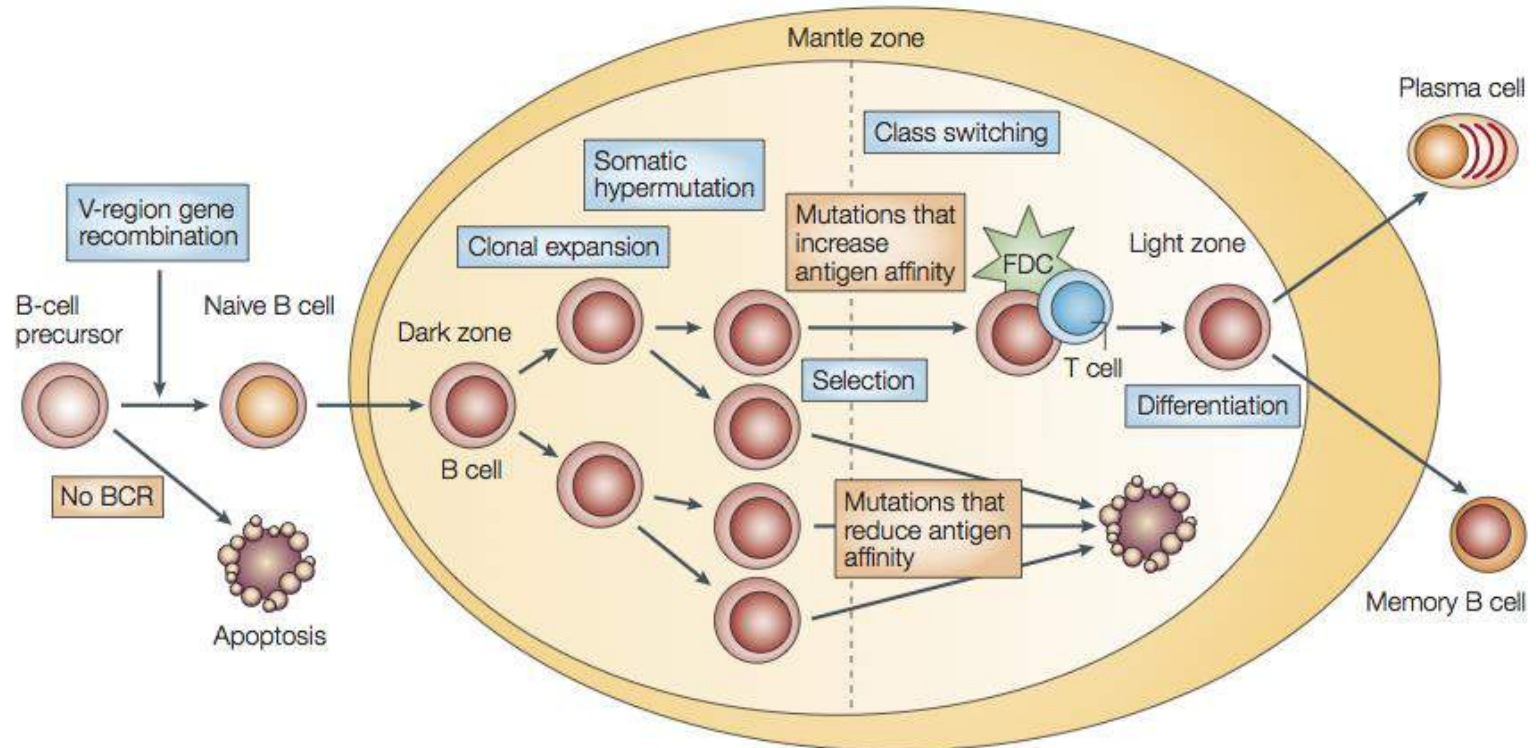
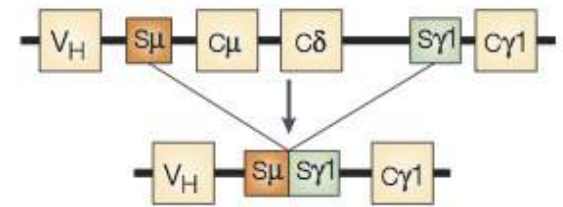
### a VDJ recombination

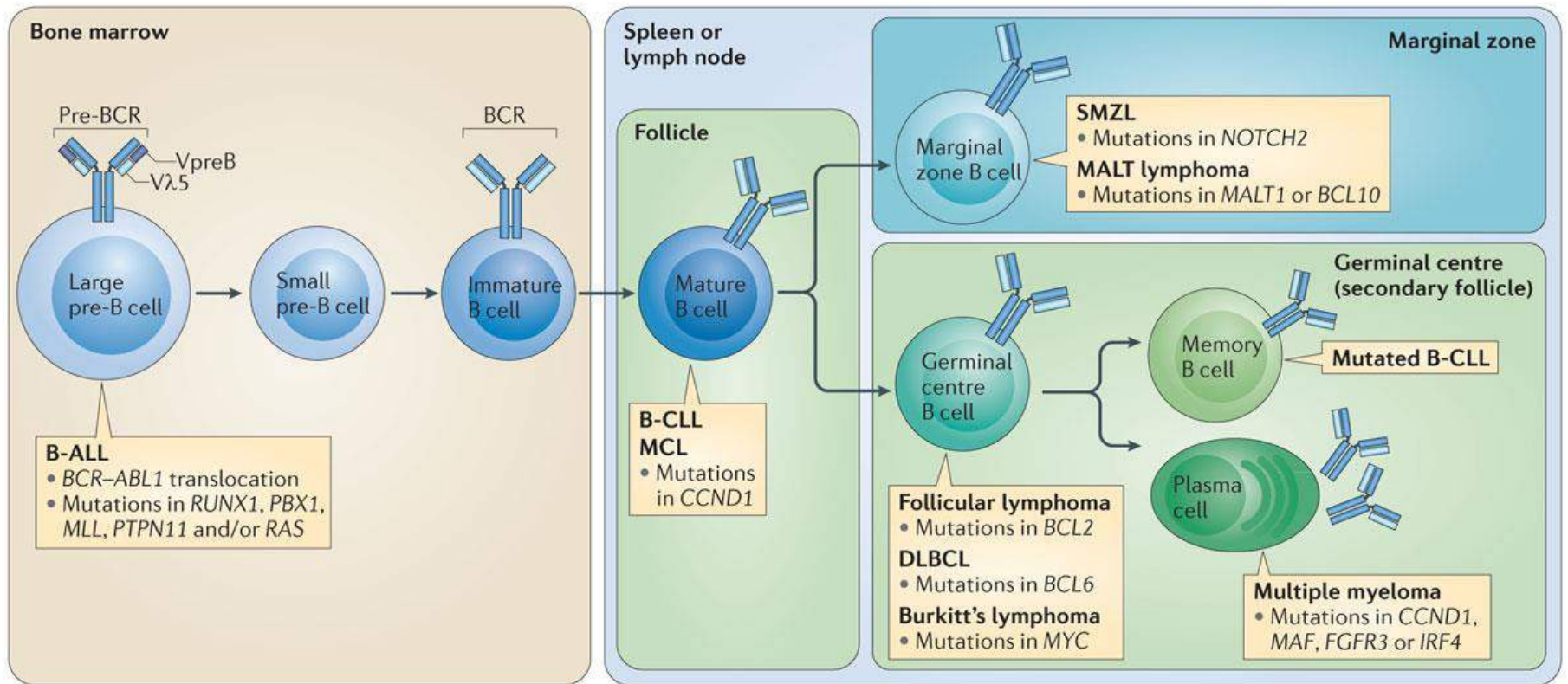


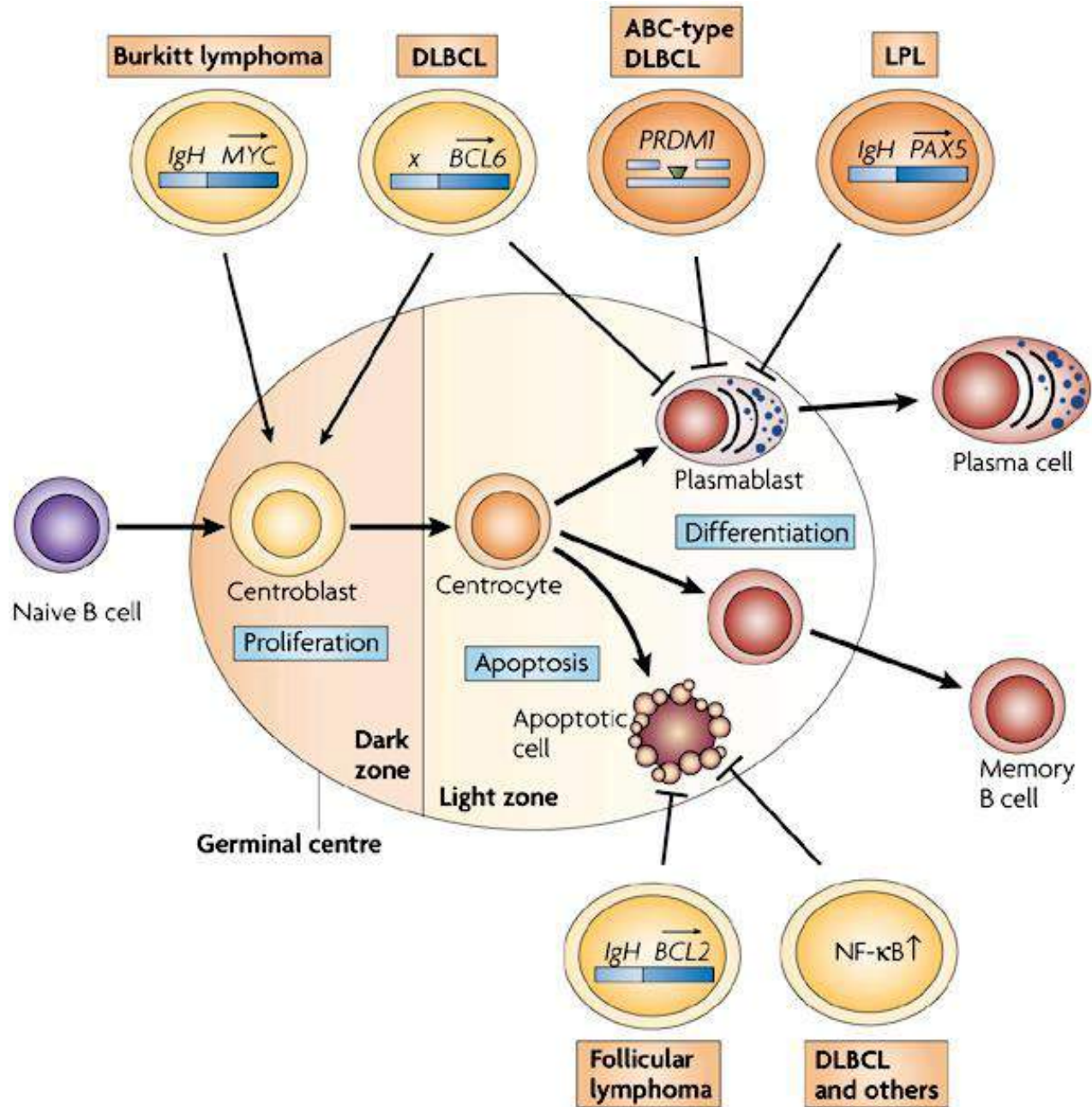
### b Somatic hypermutation



### c Class switch



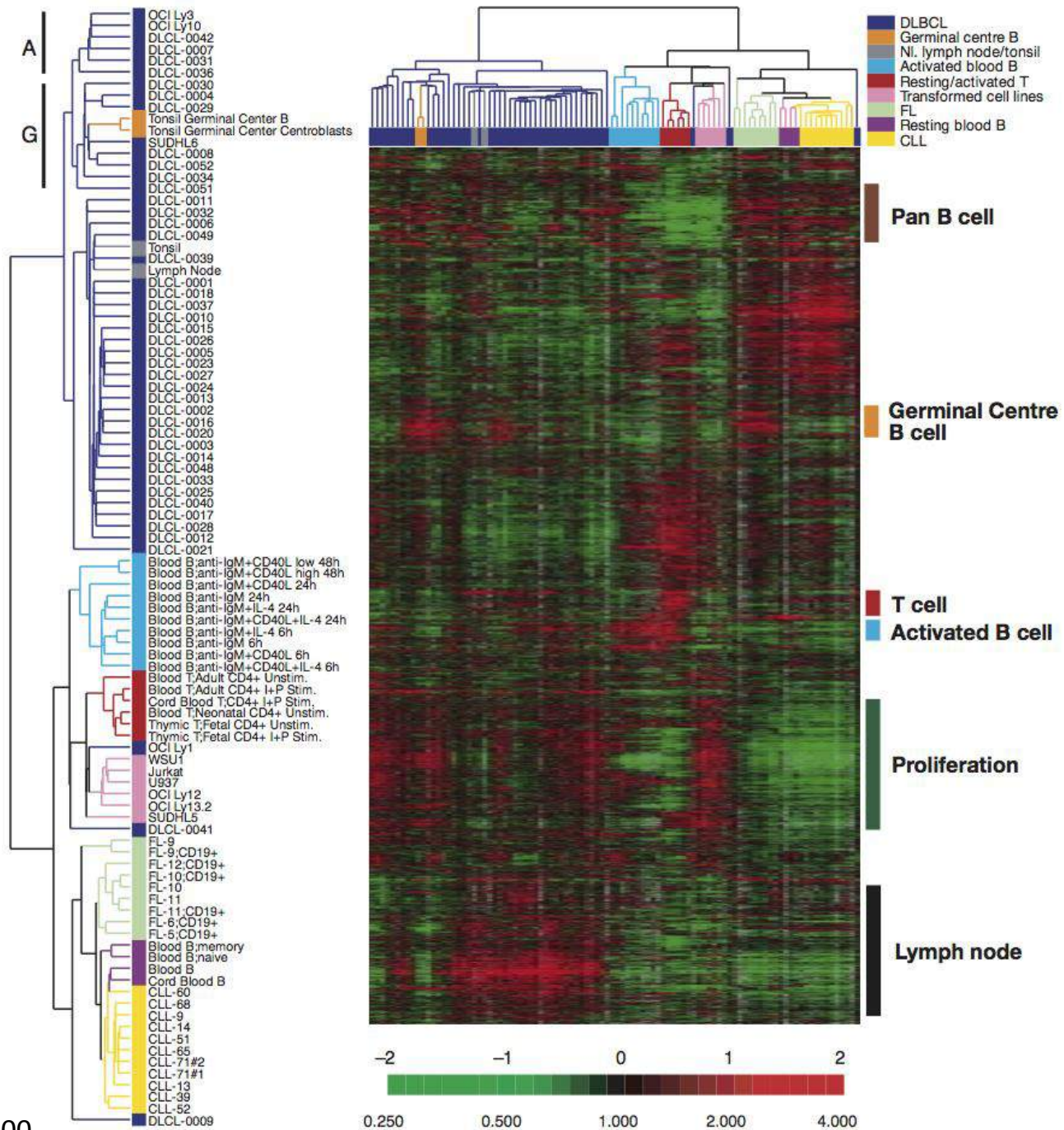




# Physiopathologie

- Instabilité génétique au cours de l'ontogenèse
  - VDJ
  - Hypermutations somatiques
  - Commutation isotypique
- Multiplicité des voies de signalisations
  - Prolifération
  - Différenciation
  - Apoptose
- Réarrangements génétiques somatiques
  - Mutations
  - Translocations

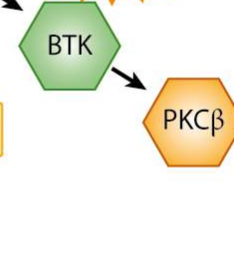
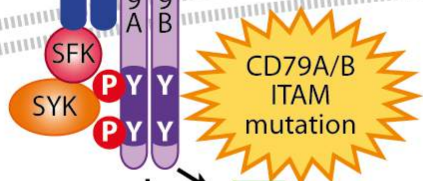
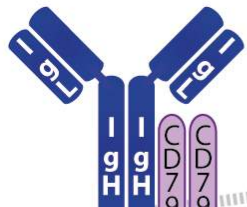




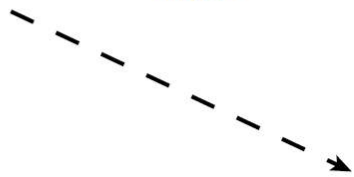
Alizadeh, Nature 2000



### Chronic active BCR signaling



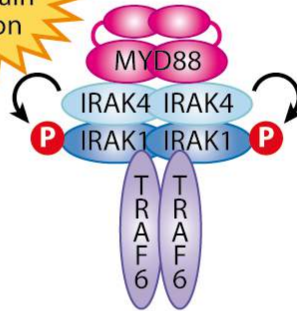
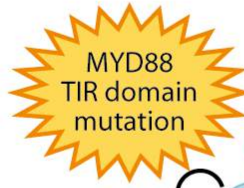
**Akt/mTOR pathway**



**NF-κB pathway**



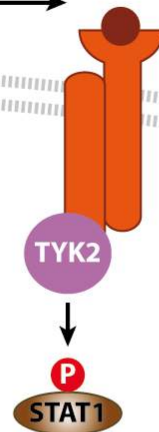
### Constitutive MYD88 signaling



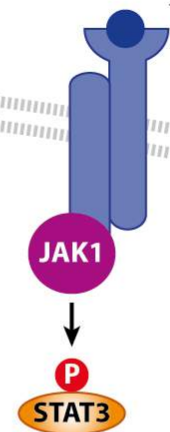
**Interferon pathway**

### Autocrine cytokine signaling

IFN-β

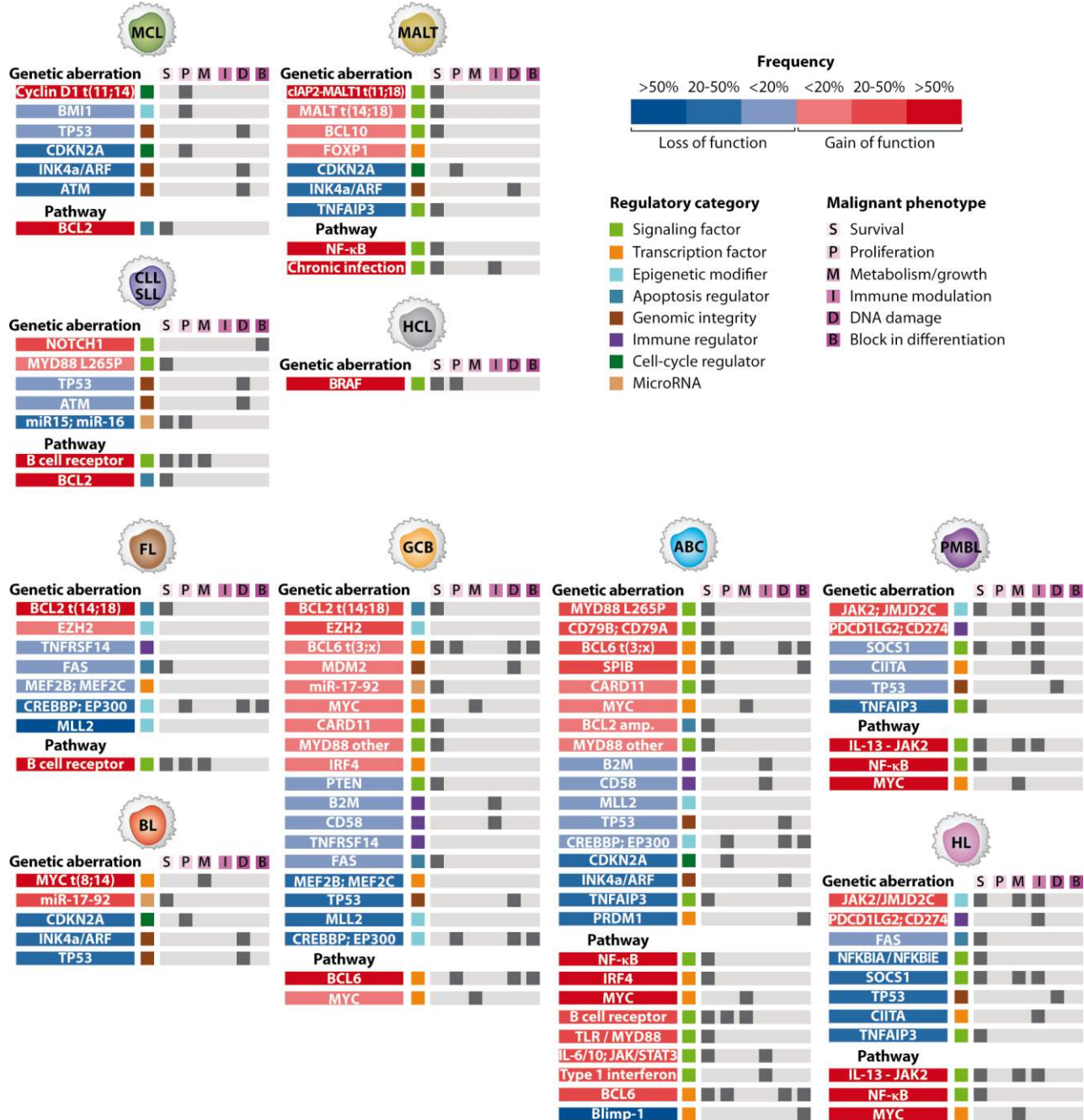


IL-6/IL-10



Shaffer AL, et al. 2012.

Annu. Rev. Immunol. 30:565–610



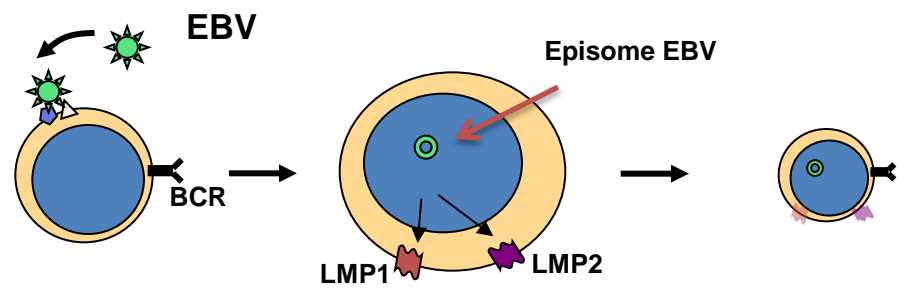
# Lymphomes et EBV

- $\gamma$ -herpesvirus humain lymphotrope
- Immortalisation des lymphocytes B
- Phase de latence: expression de quelques gènes viraux
  - LMP1: homologue CD40
  - LMP2: signaux du BCR
- Lymphomes (B>T)
- Augmentation chez l'immunodéprimé

Lymphocyte B naif

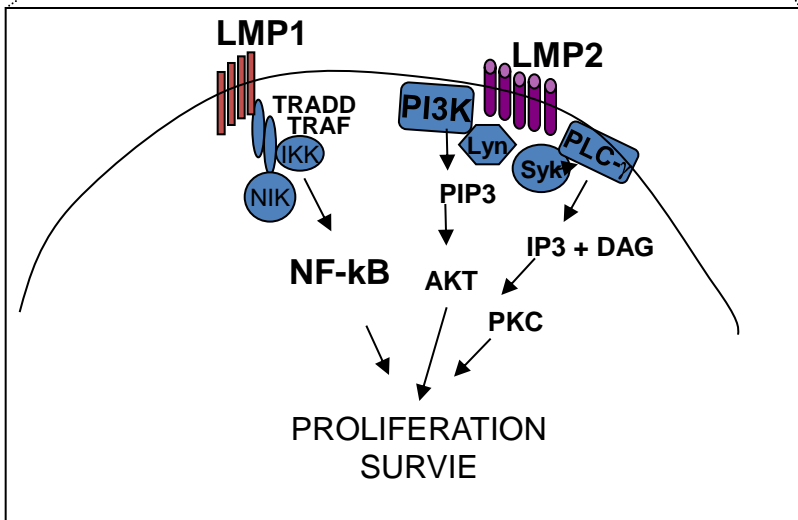
Immunoblaste B

B mémoire



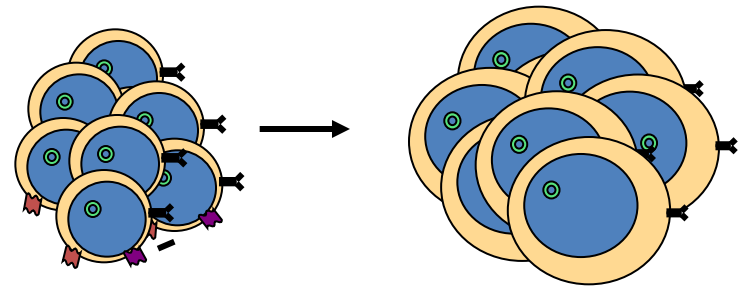
LMP1 LMP2  
Oncogenes viraux

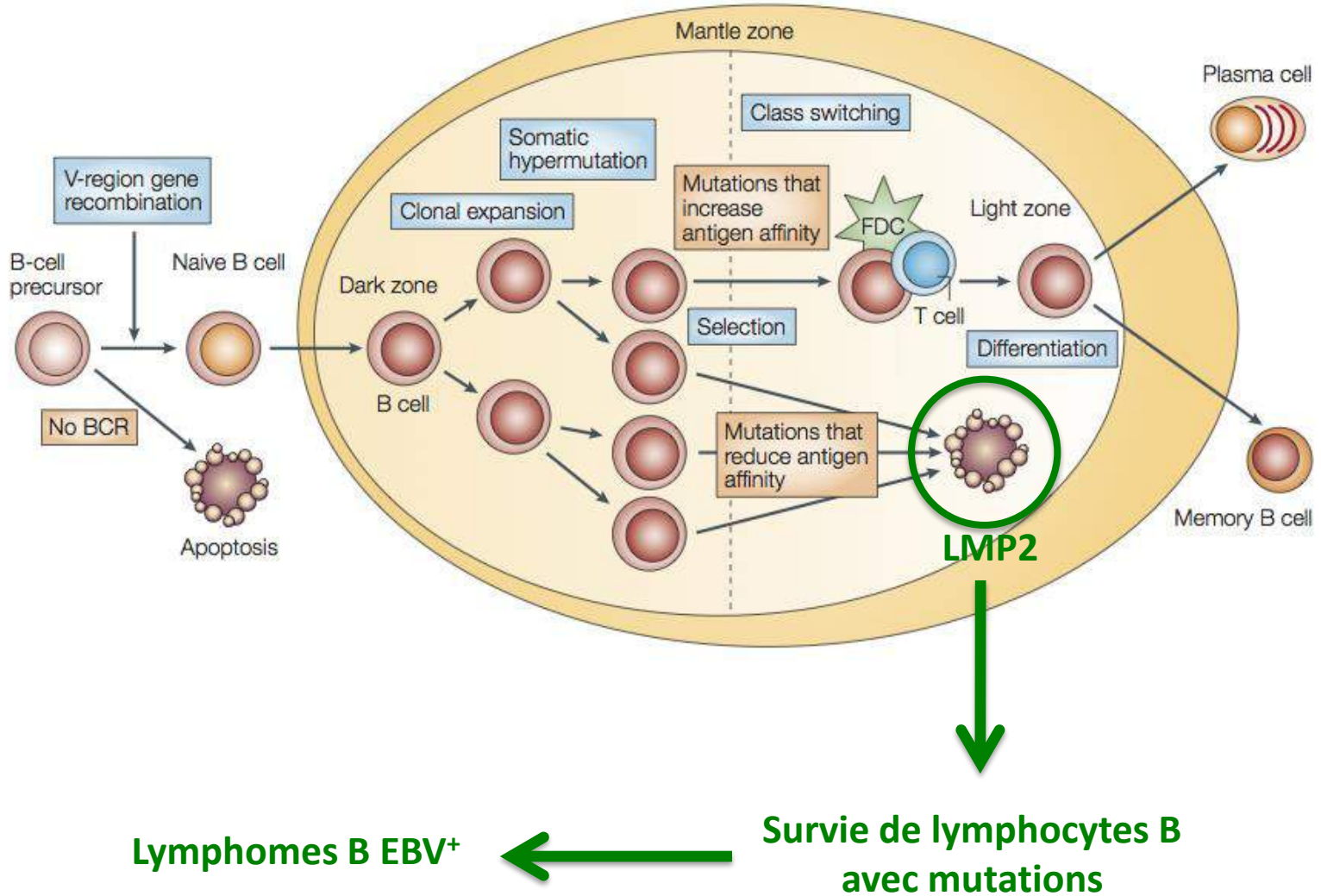
~~CTL anti-EBV~~



Prolifération polyclonale B-EBV+

Evènements oncogéniques secondaires: prolifération B monoclonale





**Lymphomes B EBV+**

**Survie de lymphocytes B avec mutations**



# Correspondance entre les cellules lymphoïdes B humaines et leur contrepartie lymphomateuse

SANS MUTATION DES REGIONS VARIABLES DES IgH

MUTATIONS SOMATIQUES DES REGIONS VARIABLES DES IgH

